





Avocado propagation from lab to orchard

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Maluma symposium South Africa 11th March 2020

The Team

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Trend of avocado industry

Global production increasing with cultivation expansion

Area harvested increased from 2016 -2017 was over 15,000 ha

Intensive orchard practices

Conventional planting 400 plants/ha to high density planting 800 plants/ha to ultra high density

>1200 plants/ha



1.25 m X 1.25 m in Chile







The current industry challenge

Sourcing avocado plants for orchard expansion and new orchard establishment

2-3 year wait-lists for new plants Cost and time intensive propagation Diseases and biosecurity





Rootstock Propagation

Seedling rootstocks

- Availability of seeds
- Seasonal
- Large orchard maintenance to obtain rootstock seeds
- Resource intensive
- Pest and disease risks
- > A\$22

Clonal Rootstock

- Depend on seed & budwood; seasonal
- Large orchard maintenance to obtain rootstock seeds
- Depend on grafting success
- Resource intensive
- Pest and disease risks
- >A\$42

















Waste of nutritious food (tonnes of fruit/year/nursery)











Tissue culture

"Totipotency of cells"

- Allows mass propagation of true-to-type plants
- Not seasonal
- Disease free
- No stress from outside environment
- Suitable as an industrial application
- Easy to export





Overall Objective

Develop a tissue culture based propagation system for avocado







Key considerations

- Propagation of mature cuttings
- High multiplication rate
- Produce high quality plants (pest & disease free)
- Practical procedure applicable at industrial scale



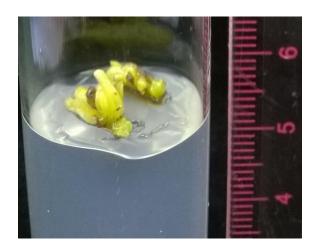


Avocado tissue culture techniques

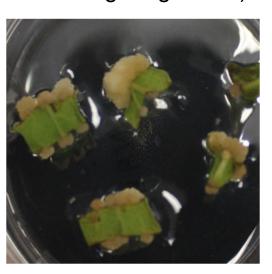
Nodal culture (Direct organogenesis)



Meristem /Shoot tip culture (Direct organogenesis)



Regeneration through callus culture (Indirect organogenesis)



(Hiti-Bandaralage et al., 2017)





Avocado tissue culture

45 – 50 years of research in global sphere

Highly recalcitrant woody plant species, specially when mature

Problems

- Very low multiplication
- Loss of vigour in culture
- Failures for long term culture
- Poor plant quality
- Very difficult to root in vitro
- Low acclimatisation success
- Problems in practicality for large scale production







Hiti-Bandaralage et al. 2017





The Challenge

Numerous optimisations for every stage in tissue culture

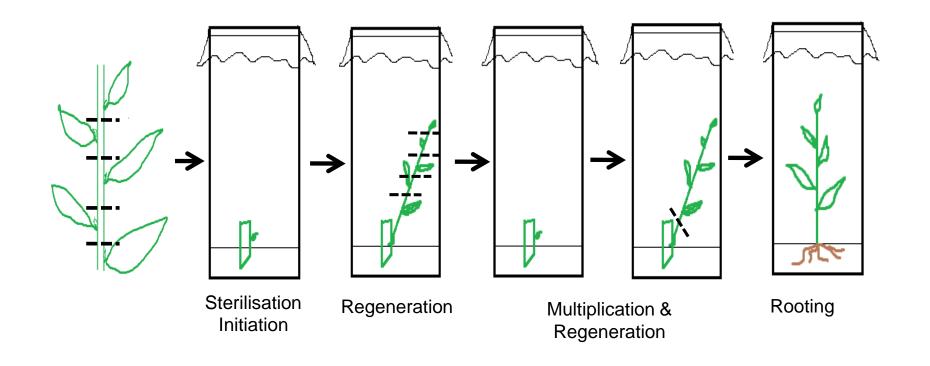
- Sterilisation of explants
- Basal nutrient media
- Hormone levels/combinations/mode of application/exposure
- Additives promote growth + reduce dieback/necrosis
- Type of vessel
- Incubation conditions (light, temp, CO₂)







Nodal culture







Nodal culture

Multiplication is limited

Cultivar	Total multiplication (culture period)		
'Velvick'	10.68 (12 months)		
'Reed'	3.48 (6 months)		
'Kidd'	21. 78 (12months)		



Reed (80% - 8 wks)



Velvick (50% - 12 wks) Kidd (90% - 4 wks)

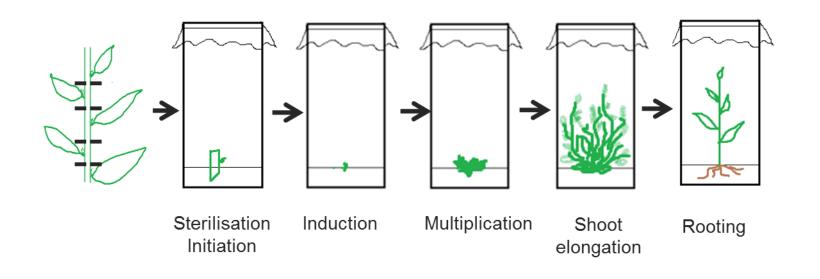






Meristem culture

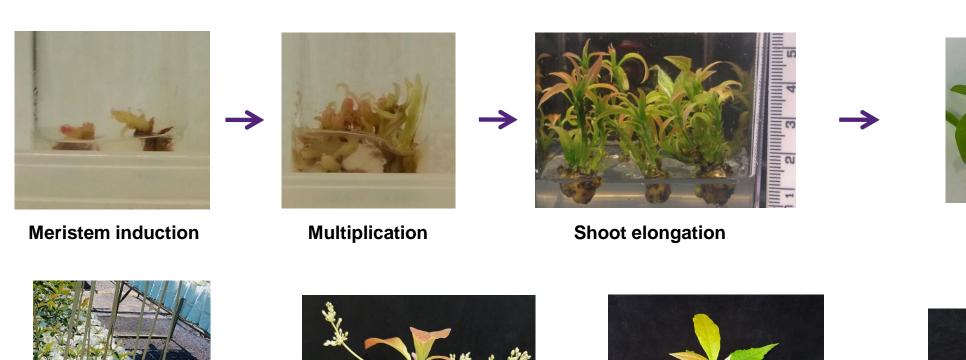
Culturing of extreme apical tissues (ideally <0.1 mm) with no visible leaf primordia (Lane., 1978)







Reed







<1 year old



Acclimatised 6 wks (>95% success)



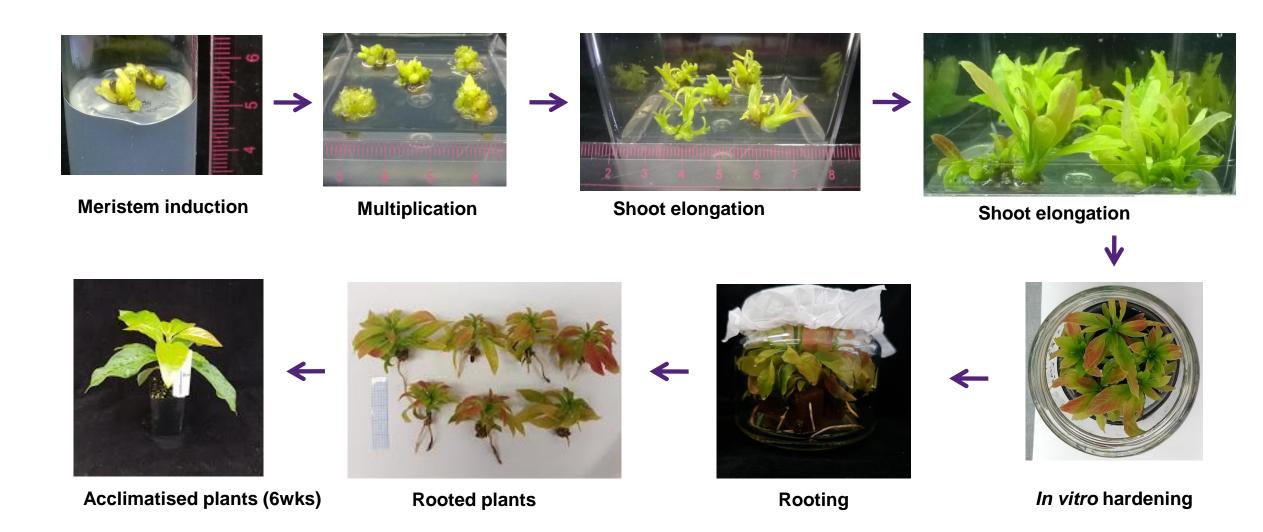
Single shoots

Rooting (90% success at 4 weeks)





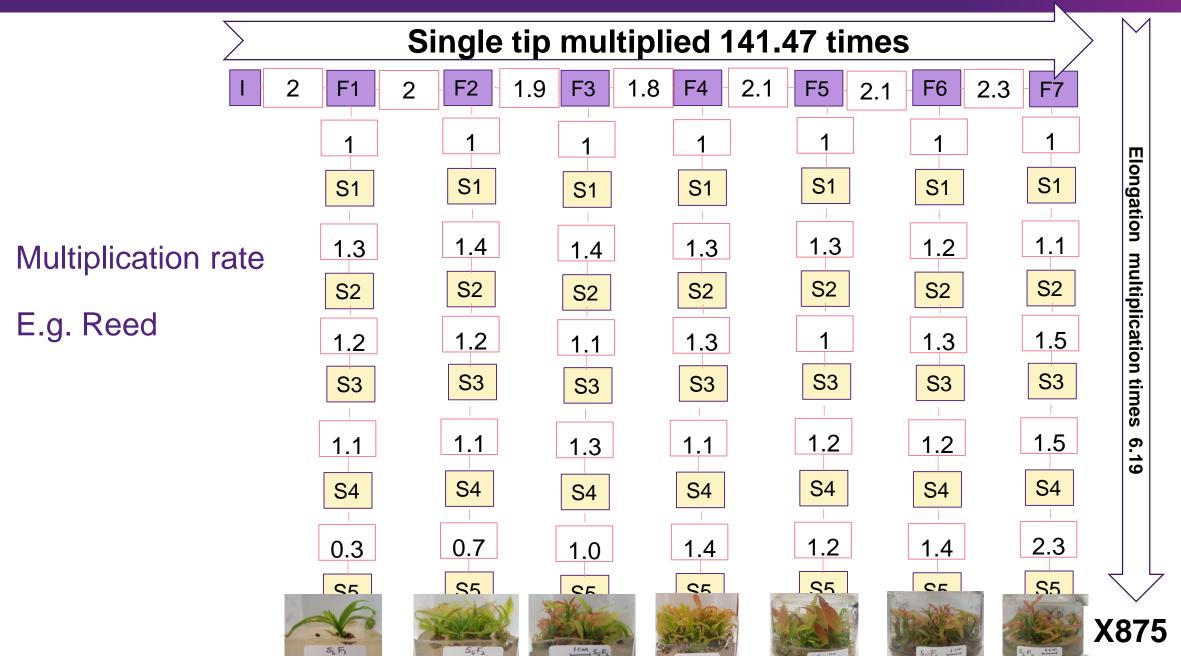
Velvick













Lab to Nursery









Reed



Nursery to Field

- · Three small trials
- Started in 2017
- Ungrafted/grafted TC rootstocks (Reed, Velvick)
- Rootstock comparison
 - TC
 - Seeding
 - Conventional clonal



Ready for planting



Reed TC



Velvick TC



Reed TC

2 years







Small field trials – Duranbah, NSW

- Three small trials
- Started in 2017
- Ungrafted/grafted TC rootstocks (Reed, Velvick)
- Rootstock comparison
 - TC
 - Seeding
 - Conventional clonal



TC Velvick 2nd year



Hass/TC Velvick second year







Harvest day, 2019 April, 2 years from planting



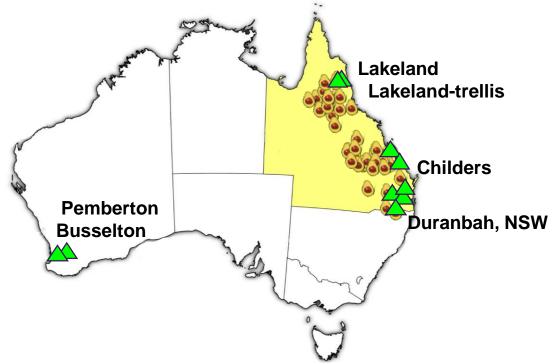


Large field trials – commercially managed orchards



Donovan Farms, Bundaberg, AUS







Planted

Site



No of

N=5

Special

Commercially managed field trials – productivity evaluation

Cultivar

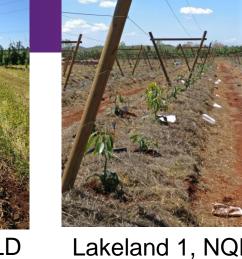
	date	tested	•	plants	growth condition	
Childers	April 2018	Hass/TC reed	Hass/A10 Hass/Seedling Reed	N=43	-	C
Lakeland, NQLD 1	September 2018	Maluma /TC reed	Maluma/Seedling Reed	N=50	Trellis, Shade netting	
Busselton, WA	October 2018	Hass/TC Reed	Hass/Seedling Reed Hass/clonal Reed	N=50 N=5	-	
Lakeland	November 2018	Maluma /TC Reed	Maluma/Seedling Reed	N=50	-	
Pemberton ,WA	November 2018	Hass/TC Reed	Hass/Seedling Reed	N=50	-	

Hass/clonal Reed

Comparison



Childers, QLD



Lakeland 1, NQLD



Lakeland 2, NQLD

Pemberton, WA



Busselton, WA

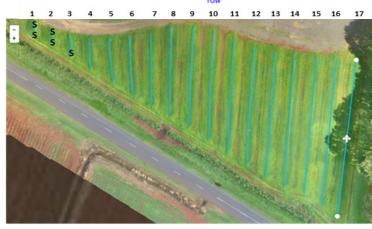




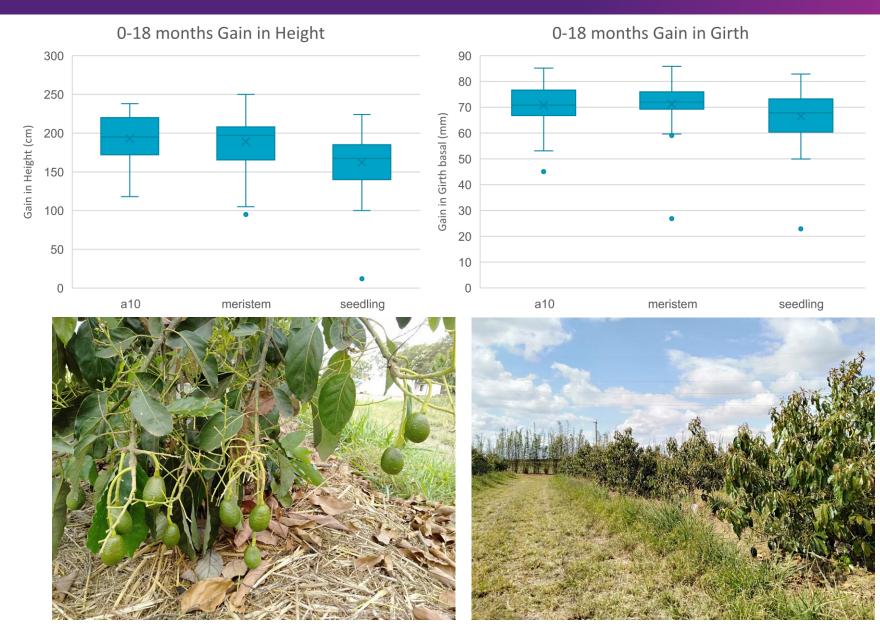


Childers QLD

- Hass/Reed, Hass/a10
- 2 years old in April 2020
- First fruit picked April 2019







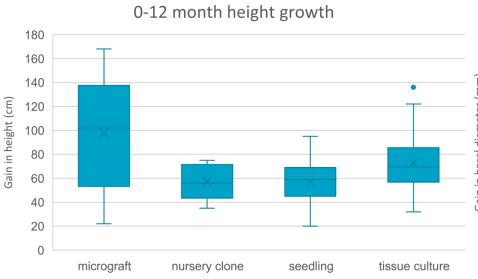




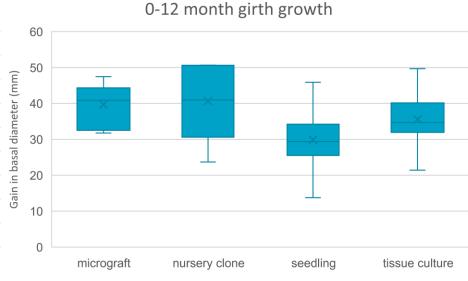
Busselton WA

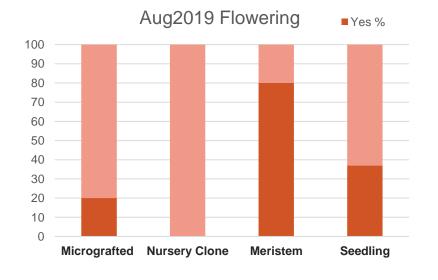
- Hass/Reed
- 1.5 years old in April 2020













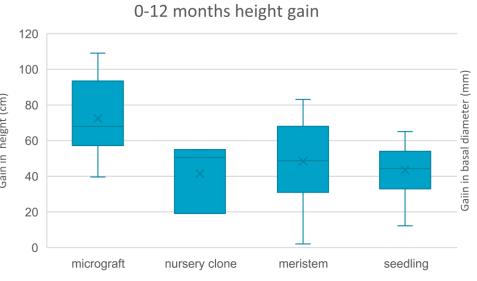




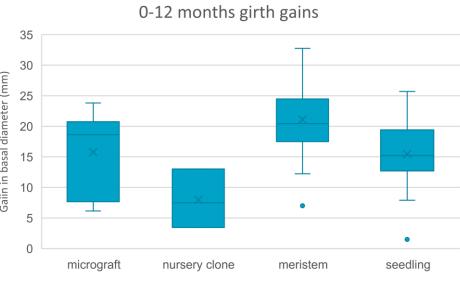
Pemberton WA

- Hass/Reed
- 1.5 years old in May 2020







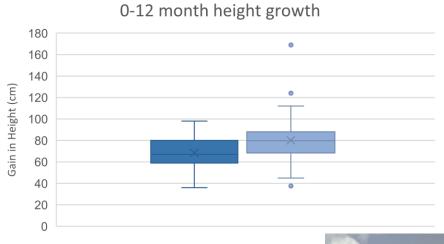






Lakeland FN QLD

- Maluma/Reed
- Trellis, shade netting
- 1.5 years old in April 2020



meristem seedling









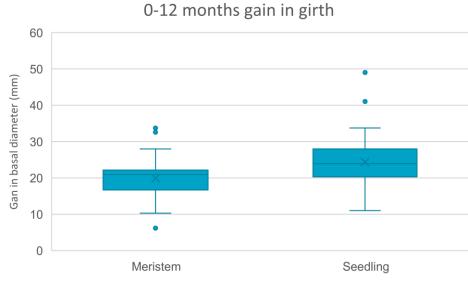




Lakeland FN QLD

- Maluma/Reed
- Conventional
- 1.5 years old in May 2020















At QAAFI Mitter lab tissue culture...

WORLD'S FIRST avocado tissue culture technology – 500 plants from one shoot tip in 8-12 months

Commercial licence negotiated

Production capacity - 500,000 plants in 500 sq meters

Disease-free new breeds

Land-free

Year-round

Elite



















Avocado Tissue Culture; Industry Stakeholder's Day 25th March 2020, Childers, Queensland, Australia



https://www.eventbrite.com.au/e/avocado-tissue-culture-industry-stakeholders-day-tickets-91284156369





Acknowledgements

This project is jointly supported by the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries and the University of Queensland;

Key element of this project has been funded by Australian Research Council linkage grant, Advance Queensland Industry Partnership grant, Australian Postgraduate Award and industry partners; Delroy Orchards, Jasper Farms, Andersons Horticulture, Mack farms, Donovan family investments and L & R Collins.











